



United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virgnia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/684,712	10/06/2000	Thomas J. Quigley	33840/LTR/B600	6803
7590 06/07/2004			EXAMINER	
STERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX, PLLC 1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW SUITE 600			BOAKYE, ALEXANDER O	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20005-3934			2667	11
			DATE MAILED: 06/07/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/684,712	QUIGLEY ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		ALEXANDER BOAKYE	2667			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 Oc	<u>ctober 2000</u> .				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
•	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) <u>10-12 and 18-24</u> is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1 and 13</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>2-9 and 14-17</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine.	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachmen	• •	_				
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) 🛛 Inforr	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 2-5,10.		latent Application (PTO-152)			

Application/Control Number: 09/684,712

Art Unit: 2667

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1 The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bell (US Patent # 3,839,678) in view of Laubach et al. (US Patent # 6,028,860).

Regarding claim 1, Bell discloses a frequency controllable oscillator (column 4, line 1); a demodulator for receiving messages representative of the system frequency (demodulator is inherently at the receiver end to enable receiver reconstruct the original signal received); a comparator for generating an error signal representative of the difference between the oscillator frequency and the system represented by the message (column 4, lines 22-32); a loop filter having an input to which the error signal is applied and an output that is applied to the oscillator to control its frequency (column 15, lines 19), the loop filter having initial coefficients that define a large bandwidth; and a controller that adjust the loop filter to have coefficients that define a small bandwidth when the error signal drops below a threshold level (column 6, lines 6-11; the claimed controller corresponds to signal controlled oscillator block 11 of Fig. 1).

Application/Control Number: 09/684,712

Art Unit: 2667

Bell differs from the claimed invention in that Bell does not teach a cable modem connected to a cable transmission system to communicate with a cable modem termination system. However, Laubach teaches a cable modem (column 23, lines 6-7) connected to a cable transmission system to communicate with a cable modem termination system(column 3, lines 48-54). The claimed master clock is inherently in the cable network of Laubach. One of the ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to incorporate a cable modem into the communication network of Bell in order to interface user's PC to 6Mhz TV channel. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a cable modem such as the one taught by Laubach into the communication network of Bell with the motivation being that it provides capability for the system to offer high speed data services to users.

2. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Laubach et al. (US Patent # 6,028,860) in view of Gorman et al. (US Patent # 6,137,793).

Regarding claim 13, Laubach teaches a cable modem termination system (column 23, lines 6-7) comprising: a downstream data queue that has frame boundaries between portions of the data in the queue (column 21, line 66-column 22, lines 1-3); a downstream processor (column 23, lines 15-16) that formats data from the queue into a data stream; and a downstream transmitter connected to the downstream processor (column 23, lines 15-23; see 717 and 1708 of Fig. 20) to send the formatted data. Laubach differs from the claimed invention in that Laubach does not disclose a time stamp generator for synchronizing cable modems to each other and time stamp send

Application/Control Number: 09/684,712

Art Unit: 2667

generator to insert time stamp messages from the time stamp generator into the data stream responsive to the time stamp send commands. However, Gorman discloses a time stamp generator for synchronizing cable modems to each other and time stamp send generator to insert time stamp messages from the time stamp generator into the data stream responsive to the time stamp send commands (column 14, lines 59-column 15, lines 1-9; column 23, lines 55-62; 404 of Fig. 4 corresponds to the claimed time stamp send generator). One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to incorporate a time stamp generator into the communication network of Laubach in order to provide synchronization. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a time stamp generator such as the one taught by Gorman into the communication network of Laubach with the motivation being that it provides capability for the system to synchronize the transmitter with the receiver.

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 2-9 and 14-17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 10-12,18-21 and 22-24 are allowable.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

As to claims 10-12, the prior art of record does not teach a timing offset detector for generating a timing offset message representative of the transmission time delay between the cable modem and the CMTS; an upstream transmitter for transmitting data

in the queue on the upstream channel when the time stamp message and the timing offset message identify time slots that match the time slots specified by the MAP messages. As to claims 18-21, the prior art of record does not teach adding the time stamp message and the timing correction message to define time slots for upstream transmission from the subscriber stations. As to claims 22-24, the prior art of record does not teach means responsive to the local clock at each cable modem for generating a continuously incremented local clock timing signal; means at each cable modem for adding the timing correction message to the local clock timing signal to produce a time slot defining signal corrected for the particular cable modem.

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Boakye whose telephone number is (703) 308-9554. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:30am to 6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chi Pham, can be reached on (703) 305-4378. The fax number is (703) 872-9306. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4750.

Alexander Boakye

Patent examiner

5/27/04

UMI PRAIVI

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600 6/1/6-4